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Deutsche Bank AG Johannesburg
Pillar 3 disclosure

For the half year ended 30 June 2026

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1. Overview

The following information is compiled in terms of the requirements of the Banks Act 1990 (as amended) and Regulation 43(1)(e)(iv) and 43(2) of the Banking Regulations, whereby banks (including foreign branches) are obliged to report certain qualitative and quantitative information with regards to their risk profile and capital adequacy on a regular basis to the public, which incorporates the revised Basel III Pillar 3 requirements on market discipline.

Reporting framework

The information disclosed in this report is based on the definitions, calculation methodologies and measurements as defined by the Amended Regulations. All tables, diagrams, quantitative information and commentary in this risk and capital management report are unaudited unless otherwise noted.

References to fixed format templates as required under the revised Pillar 3 disclosure requirements are made throughout this document and highlighted in the relevant sections.

Period of reporting

This report is in respect of the half year ended 30 June 2026, including comparative information (where applicable) for the half year ended 30 June 2025.

2. Financial performance

In terms of the requirements of the Banks Act and Regulations relating to Banks, the financial results presented below have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards issued from time to time, with additional disclosure when required. Whilst branches of foreign banks are not required to publish financial statements the information provided below is required in terms of their Pillar 3 disclosures.

Financial position/balance sheet¹

The balance sheet reflects what the branch owns, owes and the equity that is attributable to shareholders as at 30 June 2025.

	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
Assets		
Cash and balances with central bank	503,550	397,574
Short term negotiable securities	8,312,217	8,477,585
Loans and advances to customers	9,469,279	12,922,033
Investment and trading securities	2,720,677	951,735
Derivative financial instruments	3,016,299	3,420,225
Pledged assets	770,338	1,111,518
Property and equipment	3,008	10,526
Other assets	3,192,508	3,838,798
Total assets	28,005,611	31,132,401
Liabilities		
Deposits, current accounts and other creditors	18,711,333	20,415,261
Derivative financial instruments and other trading liabilities	4,854,452	5,594,119
Other liabilities	2,583,855	3,433,102
Total liabilities	26,149,640	29,442,482
Equity		
Total equity attributable to equity holders	1,805,512	1,688,150
Dotation capital	2,068,639	2,068,639
Retained earnings	(252,022)	(383,777)
Total equity	1,805,512	1,688,150
Total equity and liabilities	27,955,152	31,130,632

Source: 30 June 2026 BA 100 (unaudited)

2. Financial performance.....continued

Results of operations/income statement²

The income statement reflects the revenue generated by the branch as well as the costs incurred in generating that revenue for the half year ended 30 June 2026.

	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
Net Interest Income	100,670	131,177
Non Interest Revenue	75,089	23,432
Operating Income	175,759	154,609
Operating Expenses	168,830	146,732
Loss before income tax	6,929	7,877
Income tax expense / (income)	-	-
Loss for the year	6,929	7,877

² Source: 30 June 2026 BA 120 (unaudited)

3. Financial position

Capital adequacy

In terms of the requirements of the Banks Act and Regulations relating to Banks, the branch has complied with the minimum capital requirements for the period under review.

The branch's regulatory capital is split into two tiers:

- Tier 1 capital, which is comprised solely of Common Equity Tier 1 capital, which includes dotation capital, and appropriated retained earnings.
- Tier 2 capital, which includes a general allowance for credit impairment.

The minimum capital requirements are defined by three ratios:

- Common Equity Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets;
- Tier 1 capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets; and

Total qualifying capital as a percentage of risk weighted assets.

Summary of risk weighted assets and regulatory capital requirements

	RWA	RWA	Minimum capital requirements ⁽¹⁾
	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000	June 2026 R'000
1 Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	4,642,451	3,685,946	533,882
2 Of w hich standardised approach (SA)	4,642,451	3,685,946	533,882
3 Of w hich: internal ratings-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4 Counterparty credit risk	3,105,863	2,656,212	357,174
5 Of w hich standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	3,105,863	2,656,212	357,174
6 Of w hich internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
6 Of w hich Current Exposure Method (CEM)	-	-	-
7 Equity positions in banking book under market-based approach	-	-	-
8 Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	-	-	-
9 Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10 Equity investments in funds – fall-back approach	-	-	-
11 Settlement risk	-	-	-
12 Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13 Of w hich: securitisation internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)	-	-	-
14 Of w hich: securitisation external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA), including internal assessment approach (IAA)	-	-	-
15 Of w hich: securitisation standardised approach (SEC-SA)	-	-	-
16 Market risk	2,077,729	763,413	238,939
17 Of w hich standardised approach (SA)	2,077,729	763,413	238,939
18 Of w hich internal model approaches (IMA)	-	-	-
19 Operational risk	293,824	601,233	33,790
20 Of w hich Basic Indicator Approach	293,824	601,233	33,790
21 Of w hich Standardised Approach	-	-	-
22 Of w hich Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-
23 Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24 Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25 Other Assets Risk	204,426	37,366	23,509
Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24+25)	10,324,293	7,744,170	1,187,294

(1) Minimum capital requirements - This value is 11.5%, consisting of a Pillar 1 requirement of 8.00%, Pillar 2A of 1%, Idiosyncratic risk of 1% and a Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.5%.

4. Capital structure

Capital composition

The branch is applying the Basel regulatory adjustments in full as implemented by the Prudential Authority (PA).

	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
Total Qualifying Capital & Reserves		
Tier 1		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves	2,057,534	2,071,927
Dotation Capital	2,068,639	2,068,639
Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves) ⁽¹⁾	(11,105)	3,288
Retained earnings (appropriated)	0	0
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments	(277,946)	(405,929)
Deferred tax assets	-	-
Other Regulatory adjustments: Accumulated losses	(252,021)	(383,776)
Other Regulatory adjustments: Intangible assets	(17,521)	-
Other Regulatory adjustments: Prudent valuation adjustments ⁽²⁾	(7,583)	(16,467)
Debit Value Adjustment: Cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	(821)	(5,686)
Tier 1 capital (T1)	1,779,588	1,665,998
Tier 2		
General allowance for credit impairments	5,993	10,929
Tier 2 capital (T2)	5,993	10,929
Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)	1,785,581	1,676,927
Total risk weighted assets	10,324,293	7,744,170
Capital ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	17.24%	21.51%
Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	17.24%	21.51%
Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	17.29%	21.65%
	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
Reconciliation of accounting capital to regulatory capital		
Accounting capital - as reported per unaudited financial statements	2,057,534	2,071,927
Dotation capital	2,068,639	2,068,639
Retained earnings	-	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves) ⁽¹⁾	(11,105)	3,288
Less: Unappropriated Income	-	-
	2,057,534	2,071,927
Add: General allowance for credit impairments	5,993	10,929
	2,063,527	2,082,856
Less: Regulatory adjustments and deductions	(277,946)	(405,929)
Total regulatory capital	1,785,581	1,676,927

5. Leverage position

Illustrated below is DBJ's leverage position as measured by the Basel leverage ratio. The leverage ratio was introduced as a complementary measure to the risk-based capital framework to help ensure broad and adequate capture of both the on-and off-balance sheet sources of banks leverage.

This simple, non-risk based "Backstop" measure will restrict the buildup of excessive leverage in the banking sector to avoid destabilizing deleveraging processes that can damage the broader financial system and the economy.

	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
On-balance sheet exposures		
1 On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions (SFTs), but including collateral)	23,006,418	25,926,993
2 Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-	-
3 (Deductions of receivable assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-	-
4 (Adjustment for securities received under securities financing transactions that are recognised as an asset)	-	-
5 (Specific and general provisions associated with on-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital)	-	-
6 (Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital and regulatory adjustments)	(3,124,544)	(2,407)
7 Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of rows 1 to 6)	19,881,874	25,924,586
Derivative exposures		
8 Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin, with bilateral netting and/or the specific treatment for client cleared derivatives)	4,759,905	3,603,499
9 Add-on amounts for potential future exposure associated with all derivatives transactions	2,571,489	2,323,416
10 (Exempted central counterparty (CCP) leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	-	-
11 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-	-
12 (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	-	-
13 Total derivative exposures (sum of rows 8 to 12)	7,331,394	5,926,915
Securities financing transaction exposures		
14 Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjustment for sale accounting transactions	1,989,354	1,839,998
15 (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	-	-
16 Counterparty credit risk exposure for SFT assets	-	-
17 Agent transaction exposures	-	-
18 Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of rows 14 to 17)	1,989,354	1,839,998
Other off-balance sheet exposures		
19 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	2,657,660	2,492,060
20 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(2,360,202)	(2,200,482)
21 (Specific and general provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	-	-
22 Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 19 to 21)	297,458	291,578
Capital and total exposures		
23 Tier 1 capital	1,779,588	1,663,591
24 Total exposures (sum of rows 7, 13, 18 and 22)	29,500,080	33,983,077
Leverage Ratio	6.03%	4.90%
Leverage ratio (including the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)		
25 bank reserves)	6.03%	4.90%
25a Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	6.03%	4.90%
26 National minimum leverage ratio requirement	4.00%	4.00%
27 Applicable leverage buffers	0.50%	0.50%

6. Credit risk

The tables illustrated below presents key measurement metrics of DBJ's credit position as at 30 June 2026, as required by the revised Pillar 3 disclosures.

Credit quality of assets

The table below provides a comprehensive picture of the credit quality of a bank's on- and off-balance sheet assets.

R'000	Gross carrying values of:			Net values
	Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures	Allowances/impairments	
1 Loans	-	8,895,097	-	8,895,097
2 Debt Securities	-	2,892,379	-	2,892,379
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	-	2,657,654	-	2,657,654
4 Total	-	14,445,131	-	14,445,131

Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities

The table below identifies the changes in a bank's stock of defaulted exposures, the flows between non-defaulted and defaulted exposure categories and reductions in the stock of defaulted exposures due to write-offs.

	June 2026
1 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	
2 Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	-
3 Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4 Amounts written off	-
5 Other changes	-
6 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	-

Credit risk mitigation techniques - overview

The table below discloses the extent of use of credit risk mitigation techniques.

R'000	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured amount
1 Loans	6,841,056	-	-	2,054,041	-	-	-
2 Debt securities	2,892,379	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Total	9,733,436	-	-	2,054,041	-	-	-
4 Of which defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

7. Credit risk..... continued

Standardized approach - credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation (CRM) effects

The table below illustrates the effect of CRM (comprehensive and simple approach) on standardized approach capital requirements' calculations. RWA density provides a synthetic metric on riskiness of each portfolio.

Asset classes	Exposures before CCF and CRM R'000		Exposures post CCF and CRM R'000		RWA and RWA density R'000	
	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
Sovereigns and their central banks	2,892,379	-	2,892,379	-	239,306	8%
Non-central government public sector entities (PSEs)	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Banks (MDBs)	4,343,471	-	4,343,471	-	42,882	1%
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Corporates	4,551,627	2,657,654	4,551,627	297,457	4,360,263	90%
Regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Equity	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Total	11,787,477	2,657,654	11,787,477	297,457	4,642,451	38%

7. Credit risk..... continued

Standardized approach - exposures by asset classes and risk weights

The table below presents the breakdown of credit risk exposures under the standardized approach by asset class and risk weight (corresponding to the riskiness attributed to the exposure according to standardized approach).

Asset Class	Risk weight	R'000									Total post CCF and post-CRM
		0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	
Sovereigns and their central banks		2,653,073	-	-	-	-	-	239,306	-	-	2,892,379
Non-central government public sector entities (PSEs)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multilateral development banks (MDBs)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks		4,129,063	-	214,408	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,343,471
Securities firms		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporates		-	-	-	-	977,641	-	3,871,442	-	-	4,849,084
Regulatory retail portfolios		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secured by residential property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secured by commercial real estate		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher-risk categories		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		6,782,136	0	214,408	0	977,641	0	4,110,749	0	0	12,084,934

8. Counterparty credit risk

Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure by approach as at 30 June 2026

	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post CRM	RWA
1 SA-CCR (for derivatives)	2,190,915	1,891,611		1.4	5,715,539	1,015,742
2 Internal Model Method (for derivatives and SFTs)			-	-	-	-
3 Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)					-	-
4 Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)					204,527	70,558
5 VaR for SFTs					-	-
6 Total	2,190,915	1,891,611			5,920,066	1,086,300

Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge as at 30 June 2026

The table provides the components used for the computation of RWA under the full BA-CVA for CVA risk.

	BA-CVA RWA R'000
1 K Reduced	2,019,563
2 K Hedged	-
3 Total	2,019,563

9. Counterparty credit riskcontinued

Standardized approach -- CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights as at 30 June 2026

The table provides a breakdown of counterparty credit risk exposures calculated according to the standardized approach: by portfolio (type of counterparties) and by risk weight (riskiness attributed according to standardized approach).

Regulatory Portfolio - R'000	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total credit exposure
Sovereigns	18,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,965
Non-central government public sector entities (PSEs)	-	-	2,818,321	-	-	-	-	-	2,818,321
Multilateral development banks (MDBs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks	2,449,844	-	127,786	16,141	-	23,224	-	-	2,616,995
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporates	-	-	-	-	-	465,785	-	-	465,785
Regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,468,809	-	2,946,107	16,141	-	489,009	-	-	5,920,066

Composition of collateral for CCR exposure as at 30 June 2026

The table provides a breakdown of all types of collateral posted or received by banks to support or reduce the counterparty credit risk exposures related to derivative transactions or to SFTs, including transactions cleared through a CCP.

	Collateral used in derivative transactions				Collateral used in SFTs	
	Fair value of collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral		Fair value of collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
Cash – domestic currency	319,470	-	-	-	-	-
Cash – other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic sovereign debt	312,235	-	-	-	1,583,124	929,952
Other sovereign debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	631,705	-	-	-	1,583,124	929,952

10. Liquidity risk

Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)

Illustrated below is DBJ's short-term liquidity position as measured by the LCR as at 30 June 2026.

	Total Unweighted Value 30 June 2026 R'000	Total Weighted Value 30 June 2026 R'000
High-Quality Liquid Assets		
1 Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	11,635,824	11,635,824
Cash Outflows		
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	-	-
3 Stable deposits	-	-
4 Less-stable deposits	-	-
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	17,150,992	6,414,742
6 Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	-	-
7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	17,150,992	6,414,742
8 Unsecured debt	-	-
9 Secured wholesale funding	-	-
10 Additional requirements, of which:	-	-
11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-
12 Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
13 Credit and liquidity facilities	2,657,654	138,165
14 Other contractual funding obligations	-	-
15 Other contingent funding obligations	-	-
16 Total Cash Outflows	19,808,646	6,552,907
Cash Inflows		
17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	0	-
18 Inflows from fully performing exposures	5,810,123	4,434,307
19 Other cash inflows	0	0
20 Total Cash Inflows	5,810,123	4,434,307
21 Total HQLA		11,635,824
22 Total Net Cash Outflows		2,118,600
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		549%
LCR for the period 1 April 2026 to 30 June 2026		Quarter ending June 2026
1 Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		13,815,065
2 Total Net Cash Outflows		3,734,602
3 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		393%

11.1 Operational risk

The table below discloses aggregate operational losses incurred over the past 10 years, based on the accounting date of the incurred losses. This disclosure informs the operational risk capital calculation for the period ended 30 June 2026.

Operational Risk - Historic Losses

Using R350 000 threshold (R'000)	T	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4	T-5	T-6	T-7	T-8	T-9	Ten-year average
1 Total amount of operational losses net of recoveries (no exclusions)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 Total number of operational risk losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Total amount of excluded operational risk losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Total number of exclusions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Total amount of operational losses net of recoveries and net of excluded losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The table below discloses the business indicator (BI) and its subcomponents, which inform the operational risk capital calculation.

BI and its subcomponents (R'000)	T	T-1	T-2
1 Interest, lease and dividend component	82,341		
1a Interest and lease income	702,133	850,674	733,635
1b Interest and lease expense	686,956	719,497	632,965
1c Interest earning assets	15,194,336	18,991,313	21,776,485
1d Dividend income	-	-	-
2 Services component	20,253		
2a Fee and commission income	1,023	512	623
2b Fee and commission expense	-	3,872	4,331
2c Other operating income	-	-	-
2d Other operating expense	(8,670)	(14,849)	76,074
3 Financial component	93,289		
3a Net P&L on the trading book	66,006	92,178	60,571
3b Net P&L on the banking book	31,444	11,441	18,226
4 BI	195,883		
5 Business indicator component (BIC)	23,506		

Minimum required operational risk capital

1 Business indicator component (BIC)	23,506
2 Internal loss multiplier (ILM)	1
3 Minimum required operational risk capital (ORC)	23,506
4 Operational risk RWA	293,824

11.2 Market risk

The table below provides the components of the capital requirements under the standardised approach for market risk.

	June 2026
Components of the capital requirements under the standardised approach for market risk	R'000
1 General interest rate risk	43,032
2 Equity risk	-
3 Commodity risk	-
4 Foreign exchange risk	422
5 Credit spread risk – non-securitisations	122,765
6 Credit spread risk – securitisations (non-correlation trading portfolio)	-
7 Credit spread risk – securitisation (correlation trading portfolio)	-
8 Default risk – non-securitisations	-
9 Default risk – securitisations (non-correlation trading portfolio)	-
10 Default risk – securitisations (correlation trading portfolio)	-
11 Residual risk add-on	-
12 Total Capital requirement under the Standardised Approach	166,218

11.3 Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book

The sensitivity analysis below shows how the value of DBJ's economic value of equity and net interest income would be impacted by specified interest rates scenarios as prescribed.

	Δ EVE		Δ NII	
	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000	June 2026 R'000	June 2025 R'000
In reporting currency				
Parallel up	(41,883)	(8)	276,483	-123,291
Parallel down	43,365	7	-276,483	125,480
Steeper	18,878	15		
Flattener	(27,264)	(19)		
Short rate up	(40,228)	(24)		
Short rate down	41,180	23		
Maximum loss	(41,883)	(24)	(276,483)	(123,291)
Tier 1 capital	1,779,588	1,663,591	1,779,588	1,663,591
Maximum loss as % of Tier 1 capital	-2.35%	0.00%	-15.54%	-7.41%

